

Catalog #: APRab05613



Summary

Vav (phospho Tyr174) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody **Production Name**

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Rabbit Host

Application WB,IHC-P,IF-P,IF-F,ICC/IF,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Performance

Conjugation Unconjugated

Phospho Antibody Modification

Isotype IgG

Clonality Polyclonal **Form** Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name VAV1

Alternative Names VAV1; VAV; Proto-oncogene vav

Gene ID 7409.0

P15498.Synthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human Vav **SwissProt ID**

(phospho Tyr174)

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC-P 1:100-1:300, ELISA 1:5000, IF-P/IF-F/ICC/IF 1:50-200

Molecular Weight 100kDa

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Antibody

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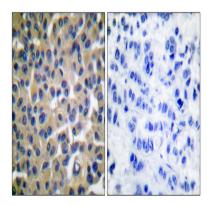
Background

This gene is a member of the VAV gene family. The VAV proteins are quanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEFs) for Rho family GTPases that activate pathways leading to actin cytoskeletal rearrangements and transcriptional alterations. The encoded protein is important in hematopoiesis, playing a role in T-cell and B-cell development and activation. The encoded protein has been identified as the specific binding partner of Nef proteins from HIV-1. Coexpression and binding of these partners initiates profound morphological changes, cytoskeletal rearrangements and the JNK/SAPK signaling cascade, leading to increased levels of viral transcription and replication. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012],domain:The DH domain is involved in interaction with CCPG1, function: Couples tyrosine kinase signals with the activation of the Rho/Rac GTPases, thus leading to cell differentiation and/or proliferation., miscellaneous: 'Vav' stands for the sixth letter of the Hebrew alphabet.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues.,similarity:Contains 1 CH (calponin-homology) domain, similarity: Contains 1 DH (DBL-homology) domain, similarity: Contains 1 PH domain, similarity: Contains 1 phorbolester/DAG-type zinc finger., similarity: Contains 1 SH2 domain., similarity: Contains 2 SH3 domains., subunit: May interact with CCPG1 (By similarity). Interacts with APS, DOCK2, GRB2, GRB3, DOCK2, SLA and ZNF655/VIK. Interacts with SIAH2; without leading to its degradation. Associates with BLNK, PLCG1, GRB2 and NCK1 in a B-cell antigen receptor-dependent fashion. Interacts with CBLB; which inhibits tyrosine phosphorylation and down-regulates activity. Interacts with SHB and CLNK., tissue specificity: Widely expressed in hematopoietic cells but not in other cell types.,

Research Area

Chemokine; Focal adhesion; Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity; T Cell Receptor; B Cell Antigen; Fc epsilon RI; Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis; Leukocyte transendothelial migration; Regulates Actin and Cytoskeleton;

Image Data



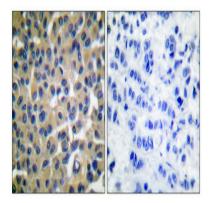
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast cancer, using VAV1 (Phospho-Tyr174) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the VAV1 (Phospho-Tyr174) peptide.

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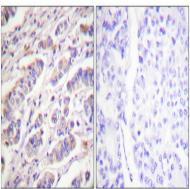


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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100 (4°,overnight) . High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



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Note

For research use only.