

Summary

Production Name	PKC α (Phospho Thr638) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Host Application	Rabbit WB,IHC,IF,IP,ELISA

Performance

Conjugation	Phospho
Modification	Phosphorylated
lsotype	IgG,Kappa
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Purification	Protein A

Immunogen

Gene Name	PRKCA
Alternative Names	PRKCA;PKCA;PRKACA;Protein kinase C alpha type;PKC-A;PKC-alpha
Gene ID	5578.0
SwissProt ID	P17252.

Application

Dilution Ratio	IHC 1:1000-1:4000;WB 1:2000-1:10000;IF 1:200-1:1000;ELISA 1:5000-1:20000;IP 1:50-
	1:200;
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW:77kD;Observed MW:77kD

Background

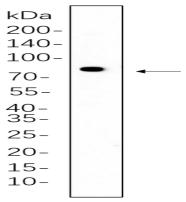
Product Name: PKC α (Phospho Thr638) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Catalog #: AMRe21077



Cell localization:Cytoplasm . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Mitochondrion membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Nucleus ..Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and the second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC family members also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play a distinct role in cells. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. This kinase has been reported to play roles in many different cellular processes, such as cell adhesion, cell transformation, cell cycle checkpoint, and cell volume control. Knockout studies in mice suggest that this kinase may be a fundamental regulator of cardiac contractility and Ca(2+) handling in myocytes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2

Research Area

Image Data



C2C12 whole cell lysates were separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with primary antibody(1:1000). The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody.

Note

For research use only.