



**Product Name:** HIF-1 alpha (3M10) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody  
**Catalog #:** AMRe12017

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## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	HIF-1 alpha (3M10) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB,IHC-P,ICC/IF,FC,IP,IF-P
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type preservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	HIF1A
<b>Alternative Names</b>	HIF1; MOP1; PASD8; bHLHe78; HIF-1alpha; HIF1-ALPHA; HIF1A
<b>Gene ID</b>	3091.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q16665.

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:1000, IHC-P/IF-P 1:100, ICC/IF 1:200-1:500, FCM 1:500-1:2000, IP 1:50-1:200
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	93kDa

## Background

Hypoxia-inducible factor-1 (HIF1) is a transcription factor found in mammalian cells cultured under reduced oxygen tension that plays an essential role in cellular and systemic homeostatic responses to hypoxia. HIF1 is a heterodimer composed of an alpha subunit and a beta subunit. The beta subunit has been identified as the aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator (ARNT). This gene encodes the alpha subunit of HIF-1. Functions as a master transcriptional regulator of the adaptive response to hypoxia (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11292861" target="\_blank">11292861</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11566883" target="\_blank">11566883</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15465032" target="\_blank">15465032</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16973622" target="\_blank">16973622</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17610843" target="\_blank">17610843</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18658046" target="\_blank">18658046</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20624928" target="\_blank">20624928</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22009797" target="\_blank">22009797</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9887100" target="\_blank">9887100</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30125331" target="\_blank">30125331</a>). Under hypoxic conditions, activates the transcription of over 40 genes, including erythropoietin, glucose transporters, glycolytic enzymes, vascular endothelial growth factor, HILPDA, and other genes whose protein products increase oxygen delivery or facilitate metabolic adaptation to hypoxia (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11292861" target="\_blank">11292861</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11566883" target="\_blank">11566883</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15465032" target="\_blank">15465032</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16973622" target="\_blank">16973622</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17610843" target="\_blank">17610843</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20624928" target="\_blank">20624928</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22009797" target="\_blank">22009797</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9887100" target="\_blank">9887100</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30125331" target="\_blank">30125331</a>). Plays an essential role in embryonic vascularization, tumor angiogenesis and pathophysiology of ischemic disease (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22009797" target="\_blank">22009797</a>). Heterodimerizes with ARNT; heterodimer binds to core DNA sequence 5'-TACGTG-3' within the hypoxia response element (HRE) of target gene promoters (By similarity). Activation requires recruitment of transcriptional coactivators such as CREBBP and EP300 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9887100" target="\_blank">9887100</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16543236" target="\_blank">16543236</a>). Activity is enhanced by interaction with NCOA1 and/or NCOA2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10594042" target="\_blank">10594042</a>). Interaction with redox regulatory protein APEX1 seems to activate CTAD and potentiates

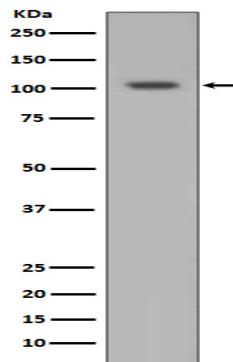
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activation by NCOA1 and CREBBP (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10202154" target="\_blank">10202154</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10594042" target="\_blank">10594042</a>). Involved in the axonal distribution and transport of mitochondria in neurons during hypoxia (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19528298" target="\_blank">19528298</a>).

## Research Area

### Image Data



Western blot analysis of HIF-1 alpha expression in Ramos cell lysate.

### Note

For research use only.