

## Summary

Production Name	Phospho-STAT1 (Y701) (3W10) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB
Reactivity	Human

### Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phospho Antibody
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type
Buffer	preservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.
	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Purification	Affinity purification

#### Immunogen

Gene Name	STAT1
Alternative Names	CANDF7; ISGF 3; Signal transducer and activator of transcription 1; Stat1; STAT91;
	Transcription factor ISGF-3 components p91/p84;
Gene ID	6772.0
SwissProt ID	P42224.

# Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:1000-1:5000
Molecular Weight	87kDa



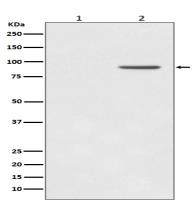
#### Background

The Stat1 transcription factor is activated in response to a large number of ligands and is essential for responsiveness to IFN- $\alpha$  and IFN- $\gamma$ . Stat1 protein exists as a pair of isoforms, Stat1 $\alpha$  (91 kDa) and the splice variant Stat1 $\beta$  (84 kDa). In most cells, both isoforms are activated by IFN- $\alpha$ , but only Stat1 $\alpha$  is activated by IFN- $\gamma$ . The inappropriate activation of Stat1 occurs in many tumors. Signal transducer and transcription activator that mediates cellular responses to interferons (IFNs), cytokine KITLG/SCF and other cytokines and other growth factors. Following type I IFN (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) binding to cell surface receptors, signaling via protein kinases leads to activation of Jak kinases (TYK2 and JAK1) and to tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT1 and STAT2. The phosphorylated STATs dimerize and associate with ISGF3G/IRF-9 to form a complex termed ISGF3 transcription factor, that enters the nucleus (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28753426" target="\_blank">28753426</a>). ISGF3 binds to the IFN stimulated response to type II IFN (IFN-gamma), STAT1 is tyrosine- and serine-phosphorylated (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28753426" target="\_blank">1000 Stat1</a>

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26479788" target="\_blank">26479788</a>). It then forms a homodimer termed IFN-gamma-activated factor (GAF), migrates into the nucleus and binds to the IFN gamma activated sequence (GAS) to drive the expression of the target genes, inducing a cellular antiviral state. Becomes activated in response to KITLG/SCF and KIT signaling. May mediate cellular responses to activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4.

# **Research Area**

# Image Data



Western blot analysis of Phospho-STAT1 (Y701) expression in (1) A431 cell lysate; (2) A431 lysate cell treated with EGF.

#### Note

For research use only.

