

Summary

Production Name	KAT2A Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Monoclonal antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IP
Reactivity	Human

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	lgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05%
	BSA
Purification	Affinity Purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	KAT2A
Alternative Names	GCN5; hGCN5; GCN5L2; PCAF-b
Gene ID	2648
SwissProt ID	Q92830.

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB: 1:500-1:1000 IP: 1:20
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 94 kDa; Observed MW: 94 kDa

Background

Protein lysine acyltransferase that can act both as a acetyltransferase and succinyltransferase, depending on the context

Product Name: KAT2A Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Catalog #: AMRe02025

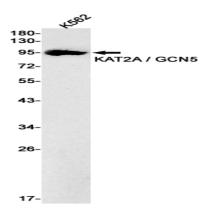


(PubMed:29211711). Acts as a histone lysine succinyltransferase: catalyzes succinylation of histone H3 on 'Lys-79' (H3K79succ), with a maximum frequency around the transcription start sites of genes (PubMed:29211711). Succinylation of histones gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation (PubMed:29211711). Association with the 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex, which provides succinyl-CoA, is required for histone succinylation (PubMed:29211711). In different complexes, functions either as an acetyltransferase (HAT) or as a succinyltransferase: in the SAGA and ATAC complexes, acts as a histone acetyltransferase (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:19103755, PubMed:29211711). Has significant histone acetyltransferase activity with core histones, but not with nucleosome core particles (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:19103755). Acetylation of histones gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:19103755, PubMed:29211711). Involved in long-term memory consolidation and synaptic plasticity: acts by promoting expression of a hippocampal gene expression network linked to neuroactive receptor signaling . Acts as a positive regulator of T-cell activation: upon TCR stimulation, recruited to the IL2 promoter following interaction with NFATC2 and catalyzes acetylation of histone H3 at Lys-9 (H3K9ac), leading to promote IL2 expression . Also acetylates nonhistone proteins, such as CEBPB, PLK4 and TBX5 (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:29174768, PubMed:27796307). Involved in heart and limb development by mediating acetylation of TBX5, acetylation regulating nucleocytoplasmic shuttling of TBX5 (PubMed:29174768). Acts as a negative regulator of centrosome amplification by mediating acetylation of PLK4 (PubMed:27796307).

Research Area

Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling

Image Data



Western blot analysis of KAT2A / GCN5 in K562 lysates using KAT2A antibody.

Note

For research use only.