Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus Siglec-15 (C-Fc) EnkiLife Catalog #: PHV2210

Summary

Name Siglec-15/CD33L3/Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 15/CD33 antigen-like 3

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Cynomolgus Sialic Acid-binding Ig-like lectin 15 is produced by

our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Phe20-

Thr263 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # A0A2K5UY47

Host Human Cells

Species Cynomolgus

Predicted Molecular Mass 53.1 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 100mM Glycine,

150mM NaCl, pH 7.5.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

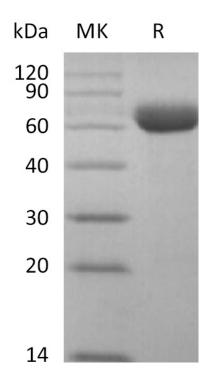
months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Alternative Names

Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 15; Siglec-15; CD33 antigen-like 3; CD33L3

Background

Siglec-15 is a transmembrane glycoprotein in the Siglec family. Siglecs are type I transmembrane proteins where the NH3+terminus is in the extracellular space and the COO--terminus is cytosolic. Each Siglec contains an N-terminal V-type immunoglobulin domain (Ig domain) which acts as the binding receptor for sialic acid. These lectins are placed into the group of I-type lectins because the lectin domain is an immunoglobulin fold. All Siglecs are extended from the cell surface by C2-type Iq domains which have no binding activity. Siglecs differ in the number of these C2-type domains. Siglec-15 function is important for osteoclast formation and TRANCE/RANK Ligand signaling in osteoclasts.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.