## **Summary**

Name IL-17A/Interleukin-17A

**Purity** Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin level** <1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Cynomolgus Interleukin-17A is produced by our Mammalian

expression system and the target gene encoding Gly24/xadAla155 is

expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # G7P4U9

Host **Human Cells Species** 

**Predicted Molecular Mass** 15.9 KDa

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Cynomolgus

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it **Shipping** 

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 Stability&Storage

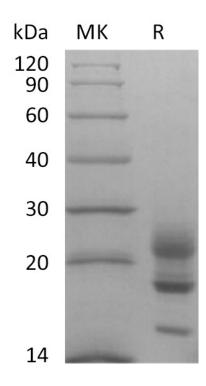
months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is Reconstitution

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## **SDS-PAGE** image

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### **Alternative Names**

Interleukin-17A; IL-17; IL-17A; Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte-Associated Antigen 8; CTLA-8; IL17A; CTLA8; IL17

# **Background**

Interleukin-17 is a potent pro-inflammatory cytokine produced by activated memory T cells. There are at least six members of the IL-17 family in humans and in mice. As IL-17 shares properties with IL-1 and TNF-alpha, it may induce joint inflammation and bone and cartilage destruction. This cytokine is found in synovial fluids of patients with rheumatoid arthritis, and produced by rheumatoid arthritis synovium. It increases IL-6 production, induces collagen degradation and decreases collagen synthesis by synovium and cartilage and proteoglycan synthesis in cartilage. IL-17 is also able to increase bone destruction and reduce its formation. Blocking of interleukin-17 with specific inhibitors provides a protective inhibition of cartilage and bone degradation.

#### Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.