# Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus VSIR (C-6His) Enkilife Catalog #: PHV2024

# **Summary**

Name VSIR

**Purity** Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin level** <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Cynomolgus V-set Immunoregulatory Receptor is produced by

our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Phe33-

Ala194 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # A0A2K5UV12

**Host** Human Cells

**Species** Cynomolgus

Predicted Molecular Mass 19.2 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

**Stability&Storage** Store at  $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at  $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

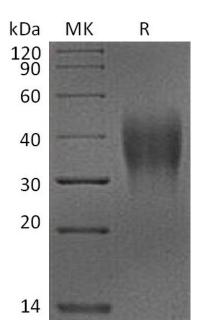
Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

# **SDS-PAGE** image

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838





## **Alternative Names**

Platelet receptor Gi24;Stress-induced secreted protein-1;Sisp-1;C10orf54;SISP1

# **Background**

platelet receptor Gi24 is a single-pass type I membrane protein, and located at the cell surface. The protein can be cleaved by MMP14, and stimulate MMP14-mediated MMP2 activation. It is participated in the BMP signaling pathway. It also regulates the CD4-pasitive, alpha-beta T cell proliferation, and T cell cytokine production negatively. However, the protein can regulate stem cell differentiation positively.

### Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.