# Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus B7-1 (C-Fc) Catalog #: PHV1941



### **Summary**

Name B7-1/CD80/T-lymphocyte Activation Antigen CD80

**Purity** Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin level** <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Cynomolgus T-lymphocyte Activation Antigen CD80 is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Val35-Asn242 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-

terminus.

Accession # G7NXN7

**Host** Human Cells

**Species** Cynomolgus

Predicted Molecular Mass 51 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM Glycine,

pH 7.5.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at  $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at  $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

**Reconstitution** Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

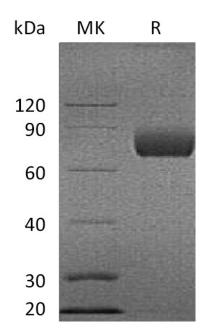
not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

### **SDS-PAGE** image

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### **Alternative Names**

T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80; Activation B7-1 antigen; B7; CD80

## **Background**

Cynomologous Cluster of Differentiation 80, also called B7-1, is a member of cell surface immunoglobulin superfamily. It is expressed on the surface of antigen-presenting cells including activated B cells, macrophages and dendritic cells.CD80 plays key, yet distinct roles in the activation of T cells, B7-1/CD80 and B7-2/CD86, together with their receptors CD28 and CTLA4, constitute one of the dominant co-stimulatory pathways that regulate T- and B- cell responses. CD80 is mostly expressed on the surface of antigen-presenting cells including activated B cells, macrophages and dendritic cells. Although both CTLA-4 and CD28 can bind to the same ligands, CTLA-4 binds to B7-1 and B7-2 with a 20-100 fold higher affinity than CD28 and is involved in the downregulation of the immune response. CD80 is thus regarded as promising therapeutic targets for autoimmune diseases and various carcinomas.

#### Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.