Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus B7-1 (C-6His) Enkilife Catalog #: PHV1662

Summary

Name B7-1/CD80/T-lymphocyte Activation Antigen CD80

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Cynomolgus T-lymphocyte Activation Antigen CD80 is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene

encoding Val35-Asn242 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # G7NXN7

Host **Human Cells Species**

Predicted Molecular Mass 24.7 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Cynomolgus

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 Stability&Storage

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

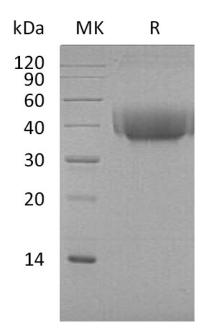
Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

> not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80; Activation B7-1 antigen; B7; CD80

Background

Cynomologous Cluster of Differentiation 80, also called B7-1, is a member of cell surface immunoglobulin superfamily. It is expressed on the surface of antigen-presenting cells including activated B cells, macrophages and dendritic cells.CD80 plays key, yet distinct roles in the activation of T cells, B7-1/CD80 and B7-2/CD86, together with their receptors CD28 and CTLA4, constitute one of the dominant co-stimulatory pathways that regulate T- and B- cell responses. CD80 is mostly expressed on the surface of antigen-presenting cells including activated B cells, macrophages and dendritic cells. Although both CTLA-4 and CD28 can bind to the same ligands, CTLA-4 binds to B7-1 and B7-2 with a 20-100 fold higher affinity than CD28 and is involved in the downregulation of the immune response. CD80 is thus regarded as promising therapeutic targets for autoimmune diseases and various carcinomas.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.