Product Name: Recombinant Mouse Mesothelin (C-6His) Enkilife Catalog #: PHM1950

Summary

Name Mesothelin/MPF/MSLN/CAK1/Mes/SMR

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Mouse Mesothelin is produced by our Mammalian expression

system and the target gene encoding Asp298-Ser600 is expressed with a 6His

tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # Q61468

Host Human Cells

Species Mouse

Predicted Molecular Mass 35 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

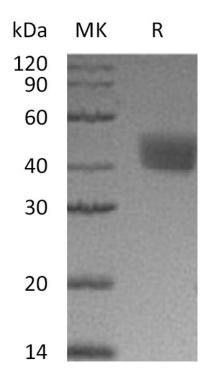
Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

Mesothelin; Msln; Mes; Mpf

Background

Mesothelin is derived from a 70 kDa precursor that also includes Megakaryocyte Potentiating Factor (MPF). The 70 kDa precursor is expressed on the cell surface where it is cleaved at a dibasic proteolytic site to release the 32 kDa glycosylated MPF. MPF is a cytokine that potentiates IL3 induced megakaryocyte colony formation. The term Mesothelin refers to the 40 kDa glycosylated protein which remains attached to the cell surface via a GPI linkage. Mesothelin is over expressed in several human tumors, including mesothelioma and ovarian and pancreatic adenocarcinoma. The interaction between mesothelin and MUC16 (also known as CA125) may facilitate the implantation and peritoneal spread of tumors by cell adhesion. The region (296-359) consisting of 64 amino acids at the N-terminal of cell surface mesothelin is the functional binding domain for MUC16. Mesothelin is a tumour differentiation antigen that is normally present on the mesothelial cells lining the pleura, peritoneum and pericardium. A soluble form of Mesothelin, with its GPI anchor intact, is released from tumor cells and binds to MMR/CD206 on macrophages.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.