

Product Name: Recombinant Mouse Uteroglobin (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHM1798

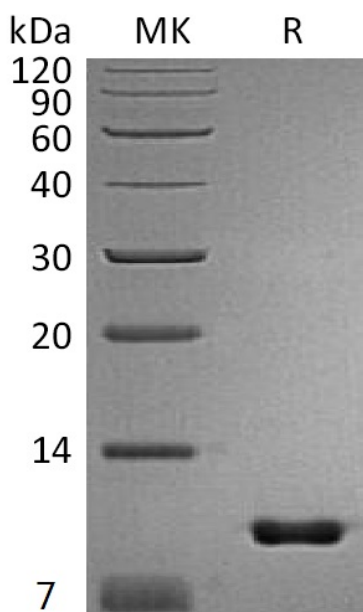


Summary

Name	Uteroglobin/SCGB1A1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Mouse Uteroglobin is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Asp22-Phe96 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	Q06318
Host	Human Cells
Species	Mouse
Predicted Molecular Mass	9.2 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

Product Name: Recombinant Mouse Uteroglobin (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHM1798



Alternative Names

Uteroglobin; Clara cell 17 kDa protein; Clara cell phospholipid-binding protein; CCPBP; Clara cells 10 kDa secretory protein; CC10; PCB-binding protein; Secretoglobin family 1A member 1; Scgb1a1; Cc10; Ugb; Utg

Background

Uteroglobin (UG, SCGB1A1) is the founding member of the secretoglobin family of small, secreted, disulfide-bridged dimeric proteins found only in mammals. This protein is mainly expressed in lung, with anti-inflammatory/immunomodulatory properties. CCAAT/enhancer-binding proteins (C/EBPs) are the major transcription factors for the regulation of SCGB1A1 gene expression, whereas FOXA1 had a minimum effect on the transcription. Uteroglobin is a multifunctional protein with anti-inflammatory/immunomodulatory properties. Uteroglobin inhibits soluble phospholipase A(2) activity and binds and perhaps sequesters hydrophobic ligands such as progesterone, retinols, polychlorinated biphenyls, phospholipids, and prostaglandins. In addition to its anti-inflammatory activities, Uteroglobin manifests antichemotactic, antiallergic, antitumorigenic, and embryonic growth-stimulatory activities. Uteroglobin is a potential drug target. The mechanism of Uteroglobin action is likely to be even more complex as it also functions via a putative receptor-mediated pathway.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.