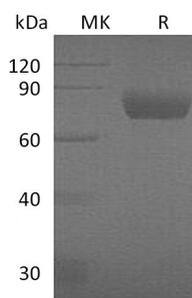


## Summary

<b>Name</b>	Serpin D1/Heparin Cofactor II/HCF2
<b>Purity</b>	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	<1 EU/ $\mu$ g as determined by LAL test.
<b>Construction</b>	Recombinant Mouse Serine Protease Inhibitor-clade D1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Glu24-Ser478 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
<b>Accession #</b>	P49182
<b>Host</b>	Human Cells
<b>Species</b>	Mouse
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	53.1 KDa
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 5% Mannitol, 0.06% Tween80, pH8.0.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
<b>Stability&amp;Storage</b>	Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu$ g/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## SDS-PAGE image



## Background

**Product Name: Recombinant Mouse Serpin D1 (C-6His)**  
**Catalog #: PHM1509**



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**Alternative Names**

Heparin cofactor 2; Heparin cofactor II; HC-II; Protease inhibitor leuserpin-2; Serpin D1

**Background**

SerpinD1, also known as heparin cofactor II(HC-II), is a member of Serpin superfamily of the serine proteinase inhibitors. It is a single chain glycoprotein with a size of 66.5 kDa and is secreted from hepatocytes. HC-II acts as a thrombin inhibitor in the coagulation cascade, in a glycosaminoglycan-dependent pathway using the release of a sequestered hirudin-like N-terminal tail for interaction with thrombin. This serpin belongs to multiple member group V2 of vertebrate serpin classification. It has been suggested that HC-II is a predictor of decreased atherosclerosis in the elderly and protective against atherosclerosis in mice. HCII can used as a predictive biomarker and therapeutic target for atherosclerosis.

**Note**

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.