

Product Name: Recombinant Mouse IFNGR1 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHM0829

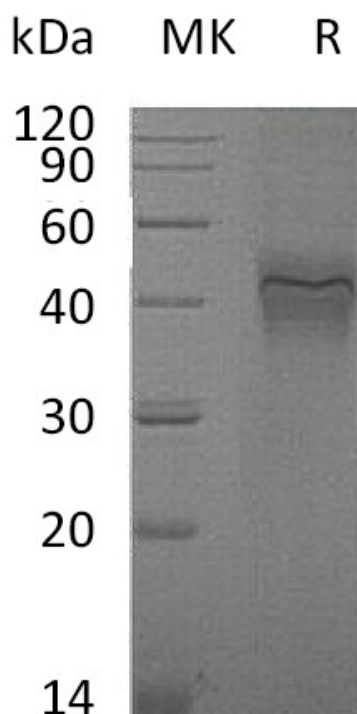


Summary

Name	IFN-gamma R1/CD119
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Mouse Interferon Gamma Receptor 1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Ala26-Asp253 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	P15261
Host	Human Cells
Species	Mouse
Predicted Molecular Mass	26.9 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at ≤ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

CD119; Interferon gamma receptor 1; IFNGR1; IFN-gamma receptor 1; IFN-gamma-R1; CD119 antigen; IFN gamma receptor 1; IFNGR; immune interferon receptor 1; interferon gamma receptor 1; interferon-gamma receptor alpha chain

Background

The tetrameric receptor complex for IFN γ consists of two subunits, IFNGR1 (IFN γ R α) and IFNGR2 (IFN γ R β), through which the dimeric IFN- γ exerts its biological functions, including antiviral, antiproliferation and immune-modulatory activity in mammals. Both IFNGR1 and IFNGR2 are single transmembrane proteins belonging to the class II cytokine family. IFNGR1, widely expressed in most host cells, is essential for IFN γ binding, receptor trafficking, and signal transduction. IFNGR1 possesses an intracellular Janus tyrosine kinase (JAK) 1 binding site, a signal transducer and activator of transcription 1 (STAT1) binding site. The resulting STAT1 homodimers translocate from the cytoplasm to the nucleus and bind to the interferon-gamma activated sequence (GAS) promoter to induce expression of downstream interferon stimulated genes (ISGs).

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.