Product Name: Recombinant Human Laminin511 E8 Protein Enkilife Catalog #: PHH2460

Summary

Name Laminin511 E8

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <0.01 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Laminin511 is produced by our Mammalian expression

system and the target gene encoding Ala2534-Ala3323&Leu1561-Leu1786&Asn1364-Pro1609 is expressed with a His, Flag and HA tag at N

terminus respectively.

Accession # O15230&P07942&P11047

Host Human cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 86.7&26.4&28.5 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Lyophilized protein should be stored at \leq -20°C, stable for one year after receipt.

Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

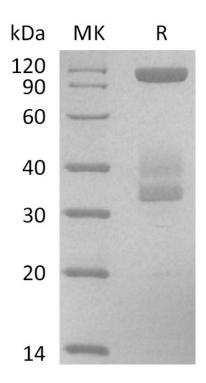
reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

Laminin 511; LN511

Background

Laminins are large molecular weight glycoproteins constituted by the assembly of three disulfide-linked polypeptides, the α , β and γ chains. The human genome encodes 11 genetically distinct laminin chains. Structurally, laminin chains differ by the number, size and organization of a few constitutive domains, endowing the various members of the laminin family with common and unique important functions. In particular, laminins are indispensable building blocks for cellular networks physically bridging the intracellular and extracellular compartments and relaying signals critical for cellular behavior, and for extracellular polymers determining the architecture and the physiology of basement membranes. Laminins are glycoproteins with both common and specific functions. One common and most important function of laminins is to interact with receptors anchored in the plasma membrane of cells adjacent to basement membranes. In doing so laminins regulate multiple cellular activities and signaling pathways. There are more than 50 theoretically possible heterotrimeric associations between all the a, β and c chains. laminins 511 and 521, are the most ubiquitous isoforms in the adult organism.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.