

**Product Name: Recombinant Human ELAPOR1 (C-6His)**  
**Catalog #: PHH2406**

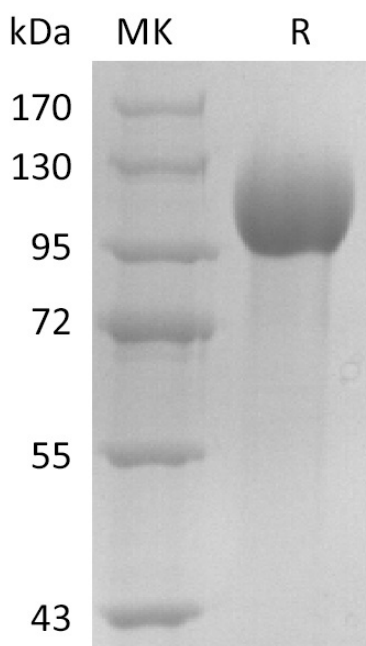


## Summary

<b>Name</b>	ELAPOR1/Endosome/lysosome-associated Apoptosis and Autophagy Regulator 1
<b>Purity</b>	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
<b>Construction</b>	Recombinant Human Endosome/Lysosome-associated Apoptosis and Autophagy Regulator 1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Thr42-Lys910 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
<b>Accession #</b>	Q6UXG2
<b>Host</b>	Human cells
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	96.2 KDa
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
<b>Stability&amp;Storage</b>	Lyophilized protein should be stored at ≤ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## SDS-PAGE image

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### Alternative Names

ELAPOR1, Endosome-Lysosome Associated Apoptosis And Autophagy Regulator 1, EIG121, KIAA1324

### Background

Endosome/lysosome-associated apoptosis and autophagy regulator (ELAPOR1), also known as EIG121 protein, is a type I transmembrane protein induced by estrogen. The estrogen-induced gene 121 (EIG121) has been associated with breast and endometrial cancers, but its mechanism of action remains unknown. May protect cells from cell death by inducing cytosolic vacuolization and upregulating the autophagy pathway. That EIG121 is a good endometrial biomarker associated with a hyperestrogenic state and estrogen-related type I endometrial adenocarcinoma.

### Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.