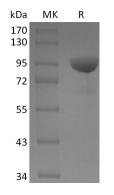


Summary

Name	EphB1/Ephrin Type-B Receptor 1/Ephb1 (P54762,Met18-Pro540)
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Ephrin Type-B Receptor 1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Met18-Pro540 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	P54762
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	85.6 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image





Background

Alternative Names	Ephrin Type-B Receptor 1; ELK; EPH Tyrosine Kinase 2; EPH-Like Kinase 6; EK6; hEK6; Neuronally-Expressed EPH; Related Tyrosine Kinase; NET; Tyrosine-Protein Kinase Receptor EPH-2; EPHB1; ELK; EPHT2; HEK6
Background	Ephrin Type-B Receptor 1 (EPHB1) is a single-pass type I membrane protein that belongs to the Ephrin-B family of receptor tyrosine kinases that is involved in embryonic nervous and vascular system development. EPHB1/EPHT2 contains two fibronectin type-III domains, one protein kinase domain and one SAM (sterile α motif) domain. EPHB1 could stimulate fibroblast motility on extracellular matrix in a kinase-dependent manner, which also correlated with its association with Grb7, an adaptor molecule implicated in the regulation of cell migration. It binds to ephrin-B1, ephrin-B2 and ephrin-B3. EPHB1 plays an important roles in diverse biological processes including nervous system development, angiogenesis, and neural synapsis formation and maturation and may be involved in cell-cell interactions in the nervous system.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.