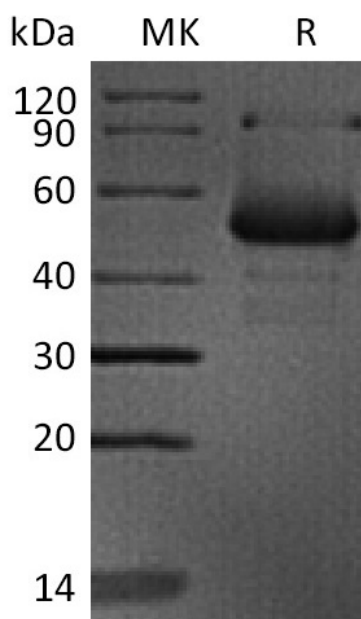


Summary

Name	CD40 Ligand/CD40L/TNFSF5/CD154/T-cell antigen Gp39/gp39/TNF-related activation protein/TRAP/Tumor Necrosis Factor Ligand Superfamily Member 5/CD40LG
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human CD40 Ligand is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Met113-Leu261 is expressed with a mFc tag at the N-terminus.
Accession #	P29965
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	42.7 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, 1mM EDTA, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

Product Name: Recombinant Human CD40L (N-mFc)
Catalog #: PHH2098



Alternative Names

CD40 Ligand; CD40-L; T-Cell Antigen Gp39; TNF-Related Activation Protein; TRAP; Tumor Necrosis Factor Ligand Superfamily Member 5; CD154; CD40LG; CD40L; TNFSF5; TRAP

Background

CD40 Ligand (CD40LG) is a type II transmembrane glycoprotein that belongs to the TNF superfamily. Like other TNF superfamily members, CD40LG exists as a trimer in membrane bound and soluble form, both of which are bioactive. CD40LG is a ligand for CD40; its ligation also initiates signal transduction in CD40LG expressing cells. CD40LG is a differentiation antigen that is expressed on the surface of T-cells. It stimulates B-cell proliferation and secretion of all immunoglobulin isotypes in the presence of cytokines. CD40LG has been shown to induce cytokine production and tumoricidal activity in peripheral blood monocytes. It also co-stimulates proliferation of activated T-cells and this is accompanied by the production of IFN-gamma, TNF-alpha, and IL2.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.