Product Name: Recombinant Human ALK-1 (C-Fc)

Catalog #: PHH1944



Summary

Name ALK-1/Activin Receptor-like Kinase 1/ACVRL1

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Activin Receptor-Like Kinase 1 is produced by our

Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Asp22-Gln118

is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # P37023

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 37.6 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

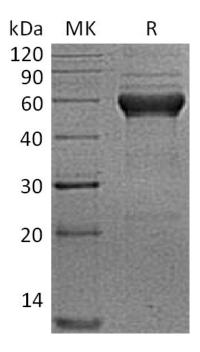
SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

Serine/Threonine-Protein Kinase Receptor R3; SKR3; Activin Receptor-Like Kinase 1; ALK-1; TGF-B Superfamily Receptor Type I; TSR-I; ACVRL1; ACVRLK1; ALK1

Background

Activin Receptor-Like Kinase 1 (ALK-1) is a type I cell-surface receptor for the TGF-βsuperfamily of ligands. ALK-1 has a high degree of similarity in serine-threonine kinase subdomains, a glycine and serine rich region preceding the kinase-domain, and a C-terminal tail with other activin receptor-like kinase proteins. The mutations of ALK-1 are associated with Rendu-Osler-Weber syndrome 2, this suggests ACVRL1 is associated with blood vessel development and repair.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.