

Product Name: Recombinant Human PLXDC1 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH1613

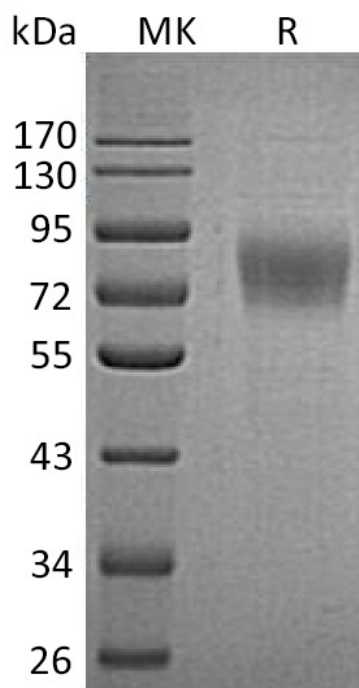


Summary

Name	TEM7/PLXDC1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Plexin Domain-Containing Protein 1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Leu19-Thr426 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	AAH36059.1
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	46.53 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, 5% Threhalose, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

Plexin Domain-Containing Protein 1; Tumor Endothelial Marker 3; Tumor Endothelial Marker 7; PLXDC1; TEM3; TEM7

Background

Plexin Domain-Containing Protein 1 (PLXDC1) is a single-pass type I membrane protein that belongs to the plexin family. Secreted PLXDC1 is localized predominantly at the tight junctions of vascular endothelial cells and to a lesser extent at the luminal surface of vascular endothelial cells. PLXDC1 is expressed in fibrovascular membrane with increased expression in individuals with proliferative diabetic retinopathy. It can detect in endothelial cells from colorectal cancer, and in endothelial cells from primary cancers of the lung, liver, pancreas, breast and brain. PLXDC1 interacts with NID1 and may also interact with CTTN. It plays a important role in endothelial cell capillary morphogenesis, the proliferation and maintenance of neovascular endothelial cells in the formation of fibrovascular membranes (FVMs).

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.