

Product Name: Recombinant Human RSPO3 (C-Fc-6His)
Catalog #: PHH1449

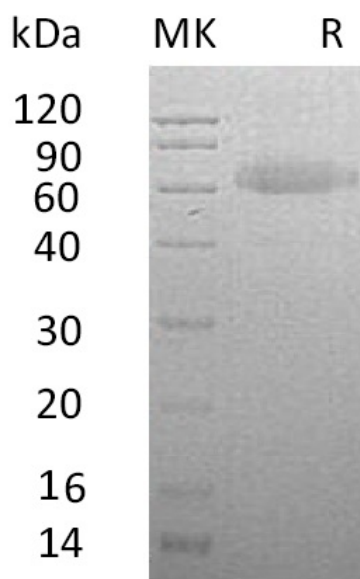


Summary

Name	R-spondin-3/RSPO3/Rspondin-1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human R-spondin-3 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln22-Val201 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc, 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	Q9BXY4
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	47.9 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at ≤ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

R-spondin-3; RSPO3; Protein with TSP type-1 repeat; Roof plate-specific spondin-3; Thrombospondin type-1 domain-containing protein 2; PWTSR; THSD2; CRISTIN1

Background

R-spondin-3 (RSPO3), also known as Protein with TSP type-1 repeat, Roof plate-specific spondin-3, Thrombospondin type-1 domain-containing protein 2, PWTSR, THSD2 and CRISTIN1, is a member of the thrombospondin type 1 repeat supergene family. RSPO3 is a secreted protein and widely expressed in many tissues. RSPO3 contains two Furin-like repeats which have been found in a variety of eukaryotic proteins involved in the mechanism of signal transduction by receptor tyrosine kinases, and one TSP type-1 domain, RSPO3 functions as an activator of the beta-catenin signaling cascade, leading to TCF-dependent gene activation. Otherwise, RSPO3 may negatively regulate the TGF-beta pathway.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.