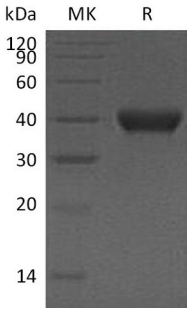
Product Name: Recombinant Human RNASE T2 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH1444

Summary

Name	Rnase T2/Ribonuclease T2
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Ribonuclease T2 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Asp25-His256 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	O00584
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	28.2 KDa
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 20% Glycerol, pH 7.5.
Shipping	The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names	Ribonuclease T2;3.1.27.-;Ribonuclease 6;RNASE6PL
Background	RNASET2 (ribonuclease T2) is an enzyme which belongs to the RNase T2 family. It is highly expressed in the temporal lobe and fetal brain. RNASET2 gene is a novel

member of the Rh/T2/S-glycoprotein class of extracellular ribonucleases. This protein can be inhibited by Zn2+ and Cu2+. It has ribonuclease activity, with higher activity at acidic pH and is probably involved in lysosomal degradation of ribosomal RNA. Defects in RNASET2 are the cause of leukoencephalopathy cystic without megalencephaly. An infantile-onset syndrome of cerebral leukoencephalopathy. Affected newborns develop microcephaly and neurologic abnormalities including psychomotor impairment, seizures and sensorineural hearing impairment. The brain shows multifocal white matter lesions, anterior temporal lobe subcortical cysts, pericystic abnormal myelination, ventriculomegaly and intracranial calcifications.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.