Product Name: Recombinant Human PSG9 (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHH1398



Summary

Name PSG9/PSG11

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Pregnancy-specific Beta-1-glycoprotein 9 is produced

by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Glu35-

Ser426 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # AAH20759.1

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 45.6 KDa

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.2.

Shipping The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately

at the temperature listed below.

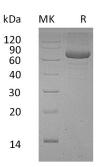
Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names Pregnancy-specific beta-1-glycoprotein 9; PS-beta-G-9; PSBG-9; Pregnancy-

specific glycoprotein 9; PS34; Pregnancy-specific beta-1 glycoprotein B; PS-beta-B; Pregnancy-specific beta-1-glycoprotein 11; PS-beta-G-11; PSBG-11; Pregnancy-

specific glycoprotein 11; Pregnancy-specific glycoprotein 7; PSG7; PSG11

Background Pregnancy-specific beta-1-glycoprotein 9(PSG9) is a secreted protein and contains

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3 Iq-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains, 1 Iq-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain. It is a member of the PSG family, a group of closely related secreted glycoproteins that are highly expressed in fetal placental syncytiotrophoblast cells. The members of the PSG protein family all have a characteristic N-terminal domain that is homologous to the immunoglobulin variable region. PSGs become detectable in serum during the first two to three weeks of pregnancy and increase as the pregnancy progresses, eventually representing the most abundant fetal protein in the maternal blood at term. PSGs function to stimulate secretion of TH2-type cytokines from monocytes, and they may also modulate the maternal immune system during pregnancy, thereby protecting the semi-allotypic fetus from rejection. PSGs are commonly expressed in trophoblast tumors. Eleven human PSG proteins (PSG1-PSG11) have been described.

Note

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