Product Name: Recombinant Human PDGFRB (C-6His) Catalog #: PHH1289



Summary

Name PDGF R beta/PDGFRβ/CD140b

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Platelet-Derived Growth Factor Receptor Beta is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene

encoding Leu33-Phe530 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # AAH32224.1

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 57.17 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.2.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

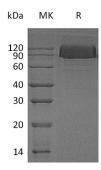
months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

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Alternative Names

Platelet-Derived Growth Factor Receptor Beta; PDGF-R-Beta; PDGFR-Beta; Beta Platelet-Derived Growth Factor Receptor; Beta-Type Platelet-Derived Growth Factor Receptor; CD140 Antigen-Like Family Member B; Platelet-Derived Growth Factor Receptor 1; PDGFR-1; CD140b; PDGFRB; PDGFR; PDGFR1

Background

Platelet-Derived Growth Factor Receptor β (PDGFR- β) is a member of the protein kinase superfamily and CSF-1/PDGF receptor subfamily. The PDGF family consists of PDGF-A, -B, -C and -D, which form either homo- or heterodimers (PDGF-AA, -AB, -BB, -CC, -DD). The four PDGFs are inactive in their monomeric forms. The PDGFs bind to the protein tyrosine kinase receptors PDGF receptor- α and - β . These two receptor isoforms dimerize upon binding the PDGF dimer, leading to three possible receptor combinations, namely - $\alpha\alpha$, - $\beta\beta$ and - $\alpha\beta$. The extracellular region of the PDGF receptor- β consists of five immunoglobulin-like domains while the intracellular part is a tyrosine kinase domain. In addition to being a potent mitogen for cells of mesenchymal origin, PDGF has also been shown to be a potent chemoattractant for mesenchymal cells, mononuclear cells, and neutrophils and has been reported to be important in the modification of cellular matrix constituents.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.

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