

Product Name: Recombinant Human NCAM-1 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH1208

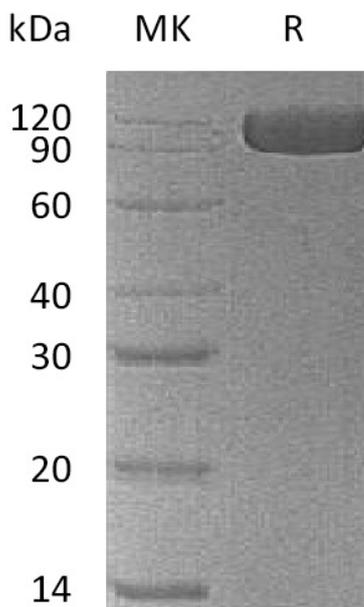


Summary

Name	NCAM-1/CD56/Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule 1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule 1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Leu20-Pro603 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	P13591-3
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	65.5 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at ≤ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

CD56; NCAM-1; CD56 antigen; MSK39; N-CAM-1; NCAM-1; neural cell adhesion molecule 1; neural cell adhesion molecule; NCAM

Background

Neural cell adhesion molecule 1 (NCAM-1) is a single-pass type I membrane protein, it belongs to a family of membrane-bound glycoproteins that are involved in Ca^{2+} independent cell matrix and homophilic or heterophilic cell-cell interactions. NCAM-1 is synthesized as a 761 aa preproprecursor that contains a 19 aa signal sequence, a 722 aa GPI-linked mature region, and a 20 aa C-terminal prosegment. The molecule contains five C-2 type Ig-like domains and two fibronectin type-III domains. NCAM-1 is a cell adhesion molecule involved in neuron-neuron adhesion, neurite fasciculation, outgrowth of neurites, etc. Acting as a receptor for rabies virus, NCAM-1 in the adult brain shows a decline of sialylation relative to earlier developmental periods.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.