Product Name: Recombinant Human AOC3 (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHH1146



Summary

Name Membrane Primary Amine Oxidase/AOC3

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Membrane Primary Amine Oxidase is produced by our

Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Arg28-Asn763

is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # Q16853

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 82.6 KDa

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 500mM NaCl, pH 8.0.

Shipping The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately

at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution

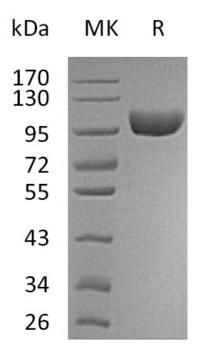
SDS-PAGE image

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

Product Name: Recombinant Human AOC3 (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHH1146





Alternative Names

Membrane primary amine oxidase; Copper amine oxidase; HPAO; Semicarbazide-sensitive amine oxidase; SSAO; Vascular adhesion protein 1; VAP-1; AOC3; VAP1

Background

Vascular adhesion protein-1(VAP-1) is a copper amine oxidase with a topaquinone cofactor.VAP-1 is a type II integral membrane protein, but a soluble form of the enzyme is present in human serum, and its level increases in diabetes and some inflammatory liver diseases. VAP-1 catalyzes the oxidative deamination of small primary amines such as methylamine, benzylamine, and aminoacetone in a reaction that produces an aldehyde, ammonia, and H2O2. VAP-1 vascular expression is regulated at sites of inflammation through its release from intracellular granules in which the protein is stored. The adhesive function of VAP-1 has been demonstrated in studies showing that the protein is important for the adherence of certain lymphocyte subtypes to inflamed endothelial tissues. VAP-1 mediated adhesion is involved in the process of leukocyte extravasation, an important feature of inflammatory responses. VAP-1 is considered to be a therapeutic target for diabetes, oxidative stress, and inflammatory diseases.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.