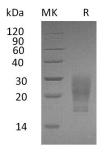


Summary

| Name | GM-CSF/CSF2/Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor |
|--------------------------|---|
| Purity | Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE |
| Endotoxin level | <1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test. |
| Construction | Recombinant Human Granulocyte-Macrophage Colony-Stimulating Factor is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Ala18-Glu144 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus. |
| Accession # | P04141 |
| Host | Human Cells |
| Species | Human |
| Predicted Molecular Mass | 15.5 KDa |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4. |
| Shipping | The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below. |
| Stability&Storage | Lyophilized protein should be stored at \leq -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at \leq -20°C for 3 months. |
| Reconstitution | Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. |

SDS-PAGE image



Background



Alternative NamesGranulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor; Colony-stimulating factor; CSFBackgroundGranulocyte-Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factor (GM-CSF) was initially
characterized as a growth factor that can support the in vitro colony formation of
granulocyte-macrophage progenitors. It is produced by a number of different cell
types (including activated T cells, B cells, macrophages, mast cells, endothelial cells
and fibroblasts) in response to cytokine of immune and inflammatory stimuli.
Besides granulocyte-macrophage progenitors, GM-CSF is also a growth factor for
erythroid, megakaryocyte and eosinophil progenitors. On mature hematopoietic,
monocytes/ macrophages and eosinophils. GM-CSF has a functional role on non-
hematopoitic cells. It can induce human endothelial cells to migrate and
proliferate. Additionally, GM-CSF can also stimulate the proliferation of a number
of tumor cell lines, including osteogenic sarcoma, carcinoma and adenocarcinoma
cell lines.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.