Product Name: Recombinant Human EphA4 (C-Fc)

Catalog #: PHH0579



Summary

Name EphA4/Ephrin type-A receptor 4/HEK8/SEK/TYRO1

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Ephrin Type A Receptor 4 is produced by our

Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Val20-Thr547 is

expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # P54764

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 85.6 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH

8.0.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

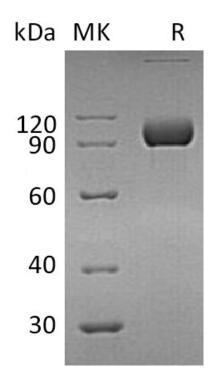
SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

Ephrin type-A receptor 4; HEK8; SEK; TYRO1; EPHA4; Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor SEK; Tyrosine-protein kinase TYRO1; EK8; hEK8; EPH-like kinase 8

Background

Ephrin type-A receptor 4(EPHA4) belongs to the protein kinase superfamily and Ephrin receptor subfamily. EPHA4 contains 1 Eph LBD domain, 2 fibronectin type-III domains, 1 protein kinase domain and 1 SAM domain. EPH and EPH-related receptors have been implicated in mediating developmental events, particularly in the nervous system. Receptors in the EPH subfamily typically have a single kinase domain and an extracellular region containing a Cys-rich domain and 2 fibronectin type III repeats. The ephrin receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.