

Summary

Name	DNAM-1/CD226/CD226 Antigen/DNAX Accessory Molecule-1	
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE	
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.	
Construction	Recombinant Human CD226 Antigen is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Glu19-Asn247 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus. Q15762	
Accession #		
Host	Human Cells	
Species	Human	
Predicted Molecular Mass	52.8 KDa	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.	
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.	
Stability&Storage	Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.	
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.	

SDS-PAGE image

kDa	MK	R
170 130		
95	-	and the second
72	-	ALC: N
55		
43	-	
34	-	
26	-	



Background

Alternative Names	CD226 antigen; DNAX accessory molecule 1; DNAM-1; CD226; DNAM1
Background	Human DNAX accessory molecule 1 (DNAM-1/CD226) is a 65 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein in the immunoglobulin superfamily. Mature human DNAM-1 contains an extracellular domain (ECD) with two Ig-like C2-set domains and a cytoplasmic region that contains motifs for binding PDZ domains and band 4.1 family proteins. DNAM-1 is expressed on multiple lymphoid and myeloid cells and interacts with CD155 and CD112. Ligation of DNAM-1 promotes the activation of NK cells, CD8+ T cells, and mast cells, dendritic cell maturation, megakaryocyte and activated platelet adhesion to vascular endothelial cells, and monocyte extravasation; it inhibits the forrmation of osteoclasts. Plateletendothelium, interactions mediated by DNAM-1, enable the metastasis of tumor cells to the lung.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.