

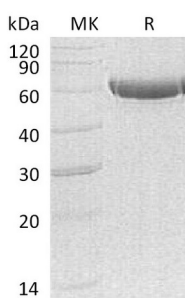
**Product Name: Recombinant Human CPB2 (C-6His)**  
**Catalog #: PHH0229**



## Summary

<b>Name</b>	Carboxypeptidase B2/CPB2
<b>Purity</b>	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
<b>Construction</b>	Recombinant Human Carboxypeptidase B2 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Phe23-Val423 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
<b>Accession #</b>	NP_001863.3
<b>Host</b>	Human Cells
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	47 KDa
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 1mM ZnCl <sub>2</sub> , 10% Glycerol, pH8.0.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
<b>Stability&amp;Storage</b>	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	

## SDS-PAGE image



## Background

<b>Alternative Names</b>	Carboxypeptidase B2; Carboxypeptidase U; CPU; Plasma Carboxypeptidase B; pCPB; Thrombin-Activable Fibrinolysis Inhibitor; TAFI; CPB2
<b>Background</b>	Carboxypeptidase B2 (CPB2) is a secreted enzyme that belongs to the peptidase M14 family. CPB2 is synthesized by the liver and circulates in the plasma as a plasminogen-bound zymogen by the liver and circulates in the plasma as a

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plasminogen-bound zymogen. CPB2 cleaves C-terminal arginine or lysine residues from biologically active peptides, such as kinins or anaphylatoxins, in the circulation regulating their activities. CPB2 also down-regulates fibrinolysis by removing C-terminal lysine residues from fibrin that has already been partially degraded by plasmin. CPB2 exhibits carboxypeptidase activity when it is activated by proteolysis at residue Arg92 of the thrombin/thrombomodulin complex. Activated CPB2 reduces fibrinolysis by removing the fibrin C-terminal residues that are important for the binding and activation of plasminogen.

### **Note**

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.