

Product Name: Recombinant Mouse IL-13 (106AA)
Catalog #: PEM0869

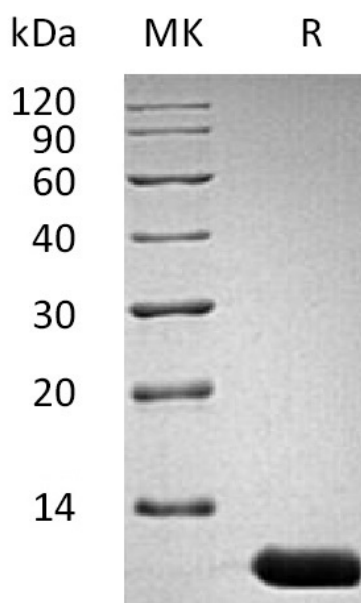


Summary

Name	IL-13/Interleukin-13 (Ser26-Phe131)
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Mouse Interleukin-13 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Ser26-Phe131 is expressed.
Accession #	P20109
Host	E.coli
Species	Mouse
Predicted Molecular Mass	11.7 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Histidine-HCl, 8% Trehalose, 4% Mannitol, 50mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 80, pH 6.0.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at ≤ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

Interleukin-13; IL-13; T-Cell Activation Protein P600; IL13; IL-13

Background

Mouse interleukin 13 (mIL-13) is a pleiotropic cytokine produced by activated Th2 cells. IL-13 induces B cell proliferation and immunoglobulin production. It contains a four helical bundle with two internal disulfide bonds. Mouse IL13 shares 58% sequence identity with human protein and exhibits cross-species activity. IL13 signals via receptor IL13R (type2, IL4R) and activates STAT-6. IL13 initially binds IL-13R α 1 with low affinity and triggers association of IL4R α , generating a high affinity heterodimeric receptor IL13R and eliciting downstream signals. IL13 also binds IL-13R α 2 with high affinity, which plays a role in a negative feedback system of IL13 signaling. IL13 is an important mediator of allergic inflammation and disease.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.