Summary

Isocitrate Dehydrogenase 1/IDH1 (R132H) Name

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic is

produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding

Met1-Leu414(Arg132His) is expressed with a 8His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # 075874

Host E.coli **Species** Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 48.1 KDa

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 4% Sucrose, 50%

glycerol, 0.02% Tween80, pH 8.0.

The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately **Shipping**

at the temperature listed below.

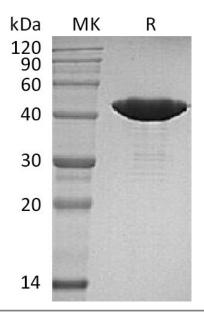
Stability&Storage Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution

SDS-PAGE image



Alternative Names

Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic; IDH; Cytosolic NADP-Isocitrate Dehydrogenase; IDP; NADP(+)-Specific ICDH; Oxalosuccinate Decarboxylase; IDH1; PICD

Background

Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic (IDH1) belongs to the isocitrate and isopropylmalate dehydrogenases family. IDH1 exists as a homodimer, binding one magnesium or manganese ion per subunit. Mutations of IDH1 have been shown to cause metaphyseal chondromatosis with aciduria and are involved in the development of glioma. IDH plays a role in the regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate, namely the α -hydroxylation of phytanic acid.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.

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