# **Product Name: Recombinant Human INHBC (N-6His)**

Catalog #: PEH0950



### **Summary**

Name Inhibin beta C chain/Activin beta-C chain/INHBC

**Purity** Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin level** <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Inhibin Beta C Chain is produced by our E.coli

expression system and the target gene encoding Gly237-Ser352 is expressed

with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.

Accession # P55103

Host E.coli

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 14.83 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 4mM HCl, 1mM DTT.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

**Stability&Storage** Store at  $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at  $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

**Reconstitution** Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than  $100\mu g/ml$ . Dissolve the lyophilized protein in 4mM HCl. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than  $100\mu g/ml$ . Dissolve the lyophilized protein in 4mM HCl. Please aliquot

the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

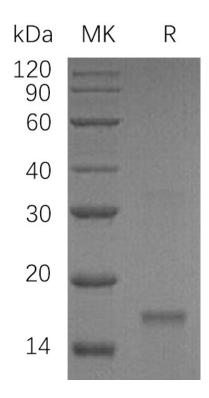
### **SDS-PAGE** image

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

## **Product Name: Recombinant Human INHBC (N-6His)**

Catalog #: PEH0950





### **Alternative Names**

Inhibin Beta C Chain; Activin Beta-C Chain; INHBC

### **Background**

Inhibins/activins are involved in regulating a number of diverse functions such as hypothalamic and pituitary hormone secretion, gonadal hormone secretion, germ cell development and maturation, erythroid differentiation, insulin secretion, nerve cell survival, embryonic axial development or bone growth, depending on their subunit composition. Inhibins appear to oppose the functions of activins, Inhibins and activins inhibit and activate, respectively, the secretion of follitropin by the pituitary gland.

#### Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.