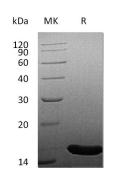


Summary

Name	FGF-4/Fibroblast Growth Factor 4 (153AA)
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<0.01 EU/ μ g as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Fibroblast Growth Factor 4 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Ser54-Leu206 is expressed.
Accession #	P08620
Host	E.coli
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	16.9 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, 500mM NaCl, pH7.4.
Formulation Shipping	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, 500mM NaCl, pH7.4. The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

SDS-PAGE image



Background



Alternative Names	Fibroblast growth factor 4; FGF-4; Heparin secretory-transforming protein 1; HST; HST-1; HSTF-1; Heparin-binding growth factor 4; HBGF-4; Transforming protein KS3; FGF4; HST; HSTF1; KS3
Background	Fibroblast growth factor 4(FGF-4) is a heparin binding member of the FGF family. The human FGF4 cDNA encodes 206 amino acids (aa) with a 33 aa signal sequence and a 173 aa mature protein with an FGF homology domain that contains a heparin binding region near the C-terminus. Mature human FGF4 shares 91%, 82%, 94% and 91% aa identity with mouse, rat, canine and bovine FGF4, respectively. Human FGF-4 has been shown to exhibit cross species activity. Expression of FGF-4 and its receptors, FGF R1c, 2c, 3c and 4, is spatially and temporally regulated during embryonic development. FGF-4 is proposed to play a physiologically relevant role in human embryonic stem cell selfrenewal. It promotes stem cell proliferation, but may also aid differentiation depending on context and concentration, and is often included in embryonic stem cell media in vitro. FGF-4 is mitogenic for fibroblasts and endothelial cells in vitro and has autocrine transforming potential. It is a potent angiogenesis promoter in vivo and has been investigated as therapy for coronary artery disease.

Note For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.