Catalog #: PEH0600



Summary

Name ER alpha/NR3A1/Estrogen receptor alpha

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Estrogen Receptor Alpha is produced by our E.coli

expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-Gln116 is expressed

with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.

Accession # P03372

Host E.coli

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 14.38 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Glycine-HCl, 8% Sucrose,

0.05% Tween 80, pH 3.5.

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it **Shipping**

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

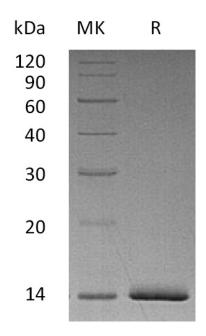
Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image

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Alternative Names

Estrogen Receptor; ER; ER-Alpha; Estradiol Receptor; Nuclear Receptor Subfamily 3 Group A Member 1; ESR1; ESR; NR3A1; Estrogen Receptor Alpha; ER alpha; estrogen receptor alpha

Background

Estrogen Receptor is a major ligand-activated transcription factor belonging to the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily. Estrogen Receptor is composed of several domains important for hormone binding, DNA binding, and activation of transcription. The protein localizes to the nucleus where it may form a homodimer or a heterodimer with estrogen receptor 2. Estrogen and its receptors are essential for sexual development and reproductive function, but they also play a role in other tissues such as bone. Estrogen receptors are also involved in pathological processes including breast cancer, endometrial cancer, and osteoporosis. Alternative splicing results in several transcript variants, which differ in their 5 UTRs and use different promoters.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.