Product Name: Recombinant Human FGF-9

Catalog #: PCH2509



Summary

Name FGF-9

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level ≤10 EU/mg

Construction Recombinant Human FGF-9 is produced by our Mammalian cell expression

system and the target gene encoding Pro3-Ser208 is expressed.

Accession # P31371

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 23.2 kDa

Formulation Lyophilized From PBS,5% mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80, pH7.4

Shipping The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately

at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt.Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

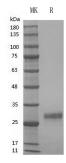
cycles.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.It is not

recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.Please

aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



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Alternative Names

Fibroblast Growth Factor 9; FGF-9; Glia-Activating Factor; GAF; Heparin-Binding Growth Factor 9; HBGF-9; FGF9

Background

Fibroblast Growth Factor 9 (FGF-9) belongs to the Fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family. FGF family members possess broad mitogenic and cell survival activities, and are involved in a variety of biological processes, including embryonic development, cell growth, morphogenesis, tissue repair, tumor growth and invasion. FGF-9 plays an important role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, cell differentiation and cell migration. In addition, FGF-9 may have a role in glial cell growth and differentiation during development, gliosis during repair and regeneration of brain tissue after damage, differentiation and survival of neuronal cells, and growth stimulation of glial tumors.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.

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