
Product Name: MUC5AC Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMM21992**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	IHC,IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG2a,Kappa
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.

Application

Dilution Ratio	IHC 1:200-400;IF 1:50-200;ELISA 1:500-5000
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW:527kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	MUC5AC MUC5
Alternative Names	Mucin-5AC;Gastric mucin;Major airway glycoprotein;Mucin-5 subtype AC, tracheobronchial;Tracheobronchial mucin;MUC5;MUC5AC
Gene ID	
SwissProt ID	Human:P98088
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human MUC5AC AA range: 2700-2900

Background

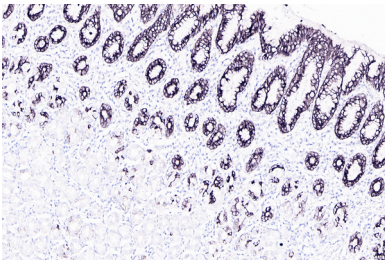
domain:The cysteine residues in the Cys-rich subdomain repeats are not involved in disulfide bonding.,function:Gel-forming glycoprotein of gastric and respiratory tract epithelia that protects the mucosa from infection and chemical damage by binding

to inhaled microorganisms and particules that are subsequently removed by the mucociliary system.,PTM:C-, O- and N-glycosylated. O-glycosylated on the Thr-/Ser-rich tandem repeats. C-mannosylation in the Cys-rich subdomains may be required for proper folding of these regions and for export from the endoplasmic reticulum during biosynthesis.,PTM:Proteolytic cleavage in the C-terminal is initiated early in the secretory pathway and does not involve a serine protease. The extent of cleavage is increased in the acidic parts of the secretory pathway. Cleavage generates a reactive group which could link the protein to a primary amide.,similarity:Contains 1 CTCK (C-terminal cystine knot-like) domain.,similarity:Contains 2 VWFC domains.,similarity:Contains 4 VWFD domains.,subunit:Multimeric. Interacts with H.pylori in the gastric epithelium, Barrett's esophagus as well as in gastric metaplasia of the duodenum (GMD),,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in surface mucosal cells of respiratory tract and stomach epithelia. Overexpressed in a number of carcinomas. Also expressed in Barrett's esophagus epithelium and in the proximal duodenum,.

Research Area

Pathology

Image Data



Human stomach tissue was stained with MUC5AC Antibody