

Summary

Production Name	Stat4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	IHC,WB,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	lgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw
	cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	STAT4
Alternative Names	STAT4; Signal transducer and activator of transcription 4
Gene ID	6775.0
SwissProt ID	Q14765. The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human
	STAT4. AA range:660-709

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000
Molecular Weight	85kD

Background

Product Name: Stat4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab18358

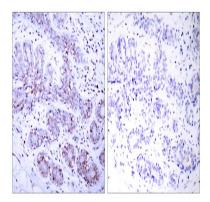


The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the STAT family of transcription factors. In response to cytokines and growth factors, STAT family members are phosphorylated by the receptor associated kinases, and then form homo- or heterodimers that translocate to the cell nucleus where they act as transcription activators. This protein is essential for mediating responses to IL12 in lymphocytes, and regulating the differentiation of T helper cells. Mutations in this gene may be associated with systemic lupus erythematosus and rheumatoid arthritis. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011], disease: Genetic variations in STAT4 are associated with susceptibility to rheumatoid arthritis (RA) [MIM:180300]. Rheumatoid arthritis is a complex, multifactorial disorder. It is one of the most common autoimmune diseases and it is characterized by inflammation of synovial tissue and joint destruction, disease: Genetic variations in STAT4 are associated with susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus type 11 (SLEB11) [MIM:612253]. Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) is a chronic autoimmune disease with a complex genetic basis. SLE is an inflammatory, and often febrile multisystemic disorder of connective tissue characterized principally by involvement of the skin, joints, kidneys, and serosal membranes. It is thought to represent a failure of the regulatory mechanisms of the autoimmune system., function: Carries out a dual function: signal transduction and activation of transcription. Involved in IL12 signaling., PTM: Tyrosine phosphorylated. Serine phosphorylation is also required for maximal transcriptional activity., similarity: Belongs to the transcription factor STAT family., similarity: Contains 1 SH2 domain.,subcellular location:Translocated into the nucleus in response to phosphorylation.,subunit:Forms a homodimer or a heterodimer with a related family member (By similarity). The SH2 domain interacts, in vitro, with IL12RB2 via a short cytoplasmic domain.,

Research Area

Jak_STAT;

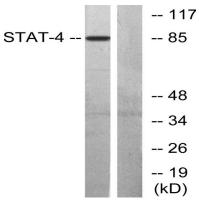
Image Data



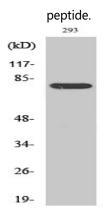
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using STAT4 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

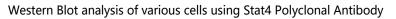


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Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using STAT4 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized





Note

For research use only.