Product Name: KCNQ5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab12949



Summary

Production Name KCNQ5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

HostRabbitApplicationWB,ELISAReactivityHuman,Mouse

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw

cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Storage

Gene Name KCNQ5

KCNQ5; Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily KQT member 5; KQT-like 5;

Alternative Names Potassium channel subunit alpha KvLQT5; Voltage-gated potassium channel subunit

Kv7.5

Gene ID 56479.0

Q9NR82.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from SwissProt ID

human KCNQ5. AA range:637-686

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-2000;ELISA 2000-20000

Molecular Weight 100-110kD

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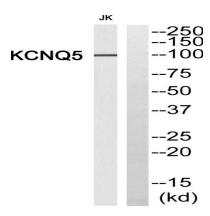


Background

This gene is a member of the KCNQ potassium channel gene family that is differentially expressed in subregions of the brain and in skeletal muscle. The protein encoded by this gene yields currents that activate slowly with depolarization and can form heteromeric channels with the protein encoded by the KCNQ3 gene. Currents expressed from this protein have voltage dependences and inhibitor sensitivities in common with M-currents. They are also inhibited by M1 muscarinic receptor activation. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2009], domain: The segment S4 is probably the voltage-sensor and is characterized by a series of positively charged amino acids at every third position, function: Probably important in the regulation of neuronal excitability. Associates with KCNQ3 to form a potassium channel which contributes to M-type current, a slowly activating and deactivating potassium conductance which plays a critical role in determining the subthreshold electrical excitability of neurons. May contribute, with other potassium channels, to the molecular diversity of an heterogeneous population of Mchannels, varying in kinetic and pharmacological properties, which underlie this physiologically important current. Insensitive to tetraethylammonium, but inhibited by barium, linopirdine and XE991. Activated by niflumic acid and the anticonvulsant retigabine. Muscarine suppresses KCNQ5 current in Xenopus oocytes in which cloned KCNQ5 channels were coexpressed with M(1) muscarinic receptors., similarity: Belongs to the potassium channel family. KQT subfamily, subunit: Heteromultimer with KCNQ3, tissue specificity: Strongly expressed in brain and skeletal muscle. In brain, expressed in cerebral cortex, occipital pole, frontal lobe and temporal lobe. Lower levels in hippocampus and putamen. Low to undetectable levels in medulla, cerebellum and thalamus.,

Research Area

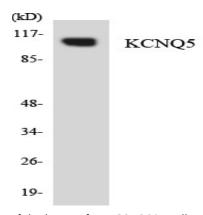
Image Data



Western blot analysis of KCNQ5 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the KCNQ5 peptide.

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Western blot analysis of the lysates from COLO205 cells using KCNQ5 antibody.

Note

For research use only.