

Summary

Production Name	Dnmt3b Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human, Chicken (tested by our customer)

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw
	cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	DNMT3B
Alternative Names	DNMT3B; DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 3B; Dnmt3b; DNA methyltransferase
	HsalliB; DNA MTase HsalliB; M.HsalliB
Gene ID	1789.0
SwissProt ID	Q9UBC3. The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from
	human DNMT3B. AA range:1-50

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in
	other applications.
Molecular Weight	96kD



Background

CpG methylation is an epigenetic modification that is important for embryonic development, imprinting, and Xchromosome inactivation. Studies in mice have demonstrated that DNA methylation is required for mammalian development. This gene encodes a DNA methyltransferase which is thought to function in de novo methylation, rather than maintenance methylation. The protein localizes primarily to the nucleus and its expression is developmentally regulated. Mutations in this gene cause the immunodeficiency-centromeric instability-facial anomalies (ICF) syndrome. Eight alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. The full length sequences of variants 4 and 5 have not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, May 2011],catalytic activity:S-adenosyl-L-methionine + DNA = S-adenosyl-Lhomocysteine + DNA containing 5-methylcytosine., disease: Defects in DNMT3B are a cause of immunodeficiencycentromeric instability-facial anomalies syndrome (ICF) [MIM:242860]. ICF is a rare autosomal recessive disorder characterized by a variable immunodeficiency, mild facial anomalies, and centromeric heterochromatin instability involving chromosomes 1, 9, and 16. ICF is biochemically characterized by hypomethylation of CpG sites in some regions of heterochromatin., function: Required for genome wide de novo methylation and is essential for development. DNA methylation is coordinated with methylation of histones. Isoforms 4 and 5 are probably not functional due to the deletion of two conserved methyltransferase motifs., online information:DNMT3B mutation db,PTM:Sumoylated,, similarity:Belongs to the C5-methyltransferase family, similarity: Contains 1 ADD-type zinc finger, similarity: Contains 1 PWWP domain.,subunit:Interacts with SUV39H1 (By similarity). Interacts with SETDB1, UBL1 and UBE2I9. Interacts with DNMT1 and DNMT3A. Interacts with the PRC2/EED-EZH2 complex., tissue specificity: Ubiquitous; highly expressed in fetal liver, heart, kidney, placenta, and at lower levels in spleen, colon, brain, liver, small intestine, lung, peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and skeletal muscle. Isoform 1 is expressed in all tissues except brain, skeletal muscle and PBMC, 3 is ubiquitous, 4 is expressed in all tissues except brain, skeletal muscle, lung and prostate and 5 is detectable only in testis and at very low level in brain and prostate.,

Research Area

Cysteine and methionine metabolism;

Image Data





Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using DNMT3B Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the



synthesized peptide.

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver carcinoma tissue, using DNMT3B Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HT-29 cells, using DNMT3B Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Product Name: Dnmt3b Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab10092





Western blot analysis of the lysates from HeLa cells using DNMT3B antibody.



Immunofluorescence analysis of human-breast-cancer tissue. 1,Dnmt3b Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) .3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of human-breast-cancer tissue. 1,Dnmt3b Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) .3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B





Immunofluorescence analysis of human-liver-cancer tissue. 1,Dnmt3b Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) .3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of human-liver-cancer tissue. 1,Dnmt3b Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) .3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of human-kidney tissue. 1,Dnmt3b Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) .3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Note

For research use only.