# **Product Name: CD158f2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: APRab08228



### **Summary**

Production Name CD158f2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Description** Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application IF,ELISA

**Reactivity** Human, Rat, Mouse

#### **Performance**

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

### **Immunogen**

Gene Name KIR2DL5B

KIR2DL5B; CD158F; CD158F2; KIR2DL5; KIR2DLX; Killer cell immunoglobulin-like

Alternative Names receptor 2DL5B; CD158 antigen-like family member F2; Killer cell immunoglobulin-like

receptor 2DLX; CD antigen CD158f2

**Gene ID** 553128.0

Q8NHK3.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human KIR2DL5B. AA range:161-210

## **Application**

SwissProt ID

**Dilution Ratio** IF 1:200-1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000.

Molecular Weight 40kD

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### **Background**

killer cell immunoglobulin like receptor, two Ig domains and long cytoplasmic tail 5B(KIR2DL5B) Homo sapiens Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several " framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack thefunction:Receptor on natural killer (NK) cells for HLA-C alleles. Inhibits the activity of NK cells thus preventing cell lysis.,similarity:Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily.,similarity:Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,

#### Research Area

Antigen processing and presentation; Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity; Graft-versus-host disease;

### **Image Data**



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using KIR2DL5B Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

### **Note**

For research use only.