## **Product Name: AR α2A Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: APRab07083



### **Summary**

**Production Name** AR α2A Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Description** Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Host** Rabbit

**Application** IF,IHC,WB,ELISA **Reactivity** Human,Mouse,Rat

#### **Performance**

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

**Isotype** IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw

cycles.

**Buffer** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

**Purification** Affinity purification

#### **Immunogen**

Storage

Gene Name ADRA2A

ADRA2A; ADRA2R; ADRAR; Alpha-2A adrenergic receptor; Alpha-2 adrenergic receptor **Alternative Names** 

subtype C10; Alpha-2A adrenoreceptor; Alpha-2A adrenoceptor; Alpha-2AAR

**Gene ID** 150.0

P08913.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SwissProt ID

Adrenergic Receptor alpha-2A. AA range:331-380

## **Application**

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in

**Dilution Ratio** 

other applications.

Molecular Weight 48kD

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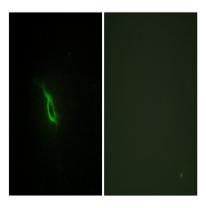
#### **Background**

Alpha-2-adrenergic receptors are members of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. They include 3 highly homologous subtypes: alpha2A, alpha2B, and alpha2C. These receptors have a critical role in regulating neurotransmitter release from sympathetic nerves and from adrenergic neurons in the central nervous system. Studies in mouse revealed that both the alpha2A and alpha2C subtypes were required for normal presynaptic control of transmitter release from sympathetic nerves in the heart and from central noradrenergic neurons; the alpha2A subtype inhibited transmitter release at high stimulation frequencies, whereas the alpha2C subtype modulated neurotransmission at lower levels of nerve activity. This gene encodes alpha2A subtype and it contains no introns in either its coding or untranslated sequences. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],function:Alpha-2 adrenergic receptors mediate the catecholamine-induced inhibition of adenylate cyclase through the action of G proteins. The rank order of potency for agonists of this receptor is oxymetazoline > clonidine > epinephrine > norepinephrine > phenylephrine > dopamine > p-synephrine > p-tyramine > serotonin = p-octopamine. For antagonists, the rank order is yohimbine > phentolamine = mianserine > chlorpromazine = spiperone = prazosin > propanolol > alprenolol = pindolol, similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,

#### Research Area

Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction;

### **Image Data**



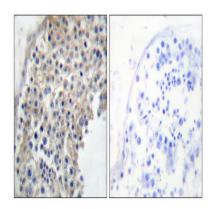
Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells, using Adrenergic Receptor alpha-2A Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

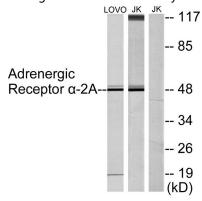
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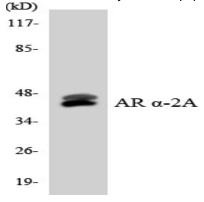




Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human testis tissue, using Adrenergic Receptor alpha-2A Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



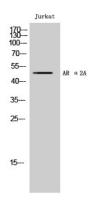
Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat and LOVO cells, using Adrenergic Receptor alpha-2A Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from Jurkat cells using Adrenergic Receptor  $\alpha$ -2A antibody.

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Western Blot analysis of Jurkat cells using AR  $\alpha$ 2A Polyclonal Antibody

#### Note

For research use only.