Product Name: AIRE-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab06707



Summary

Production Name AIRE-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

Application IF,WB,ELISA **Reactivity** Human,Mouse

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw

cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Storage

Gene Name AIRE

AlRE; APECED; Autoimmune regulator; Autoimmune polyendocrinopathy candidiasis

ectodermal dystrophy protein; APECED protein

Gene ID 326.0

O43918.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human **SwissProt ID**

AIRE. AA range:91-140

Application

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other

Dilution Ratio

applications.

Molecular Weight 60kD

Product Name: AIRE-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab06707



Background

This gene encodes a transcriptional regulator that forms nuclear bodies and interacts with the transcriptional coactivator CREB binding protein. The encoded protein plays an important role in immunity by regulating the expression of autoantigens and negative selection of autoreactive T-cells in the thymus. Mutations in this gene cause the rare autosomalrecessive systemic autoimmune disease termed autoimmune polyendocrinopathy with candidiasis and ectodermal dystrophy (APECED). [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2012], alternative products: Additional isoforms seem to exist. Experimental confirmation may be lacking for some isoforms, disease: Defects in AIRE are a cause of autoimmune poly-endocrinopathy candidiasis ectodermal dystrophy (APECED) [MIM:240300]; also known as autoimmune polyglandular syndrome type I (APS-1). APECED is an autosomal recessive disease characterized by: (1) autoimmune polyendocrinopathies: hypoparathyroidism, adrenocortical failure, IDDM, gonadal failure, hypothyroidism, pernicious anemia, and hepatitis; (2) chronic mucocutaneous candidiasis; (3) ectodermal dystrophies: vitiligo, alopecia, keratopathy, dystrophy of dental enamel, nails and tympanic membranes. In addition, a high proportion of patients develop squamous cell carcinoma of the oral mucosa. The disease is reported worldwide but is exceptionally prevalent among the Finnish population (incidence 1:25000) and the Iranian jews (incidence 1:9000), disease: Most of the mutations alter the nucleus-cytoplasm distribution of AIRE and disturb its association with nuclear dots and cytoplasmic filaments. Most of the mutations also decrease transactivation of the protein. The HSR domain is responsible for the homomultimerization activity of AIRE. All the missense mutations of the HSR and the SAND domains decrease this activity, but those in other domains do not. The AIRE protein is present in soluble high-molecular-weight complexes. Mutations in the HSR domain and deletion of PHD zinc fingers disturb the formation of these complexes.,domain:Disruption of the first PHD domain has been shown to lead to reduced transcriptional activity and to localization of the protein mainly in the cytoplasm in small granules. While the PHD zinc fingers are necessary for the transactivation capacity of the protein, other regions also modulate this function.,domain:The HSR domain is required for localization on tubular structures (N-terminal part) and for homodimerization.,domain:The L-X-X-L-L repeats may be implicated in binding to nuclear receptors, function: Probable transcriptional regulator protein that binds to DNA as dimer and tetramer, but not as a monomer. Binds to G-doublets in an A/T-rich environment; the preferred motif is a tandem repeat of 5'-ATTGGTTA-3' combined with a 5'-TTATTA-3' box. May be involved in immune regulation., online information: AIRE mutation db, PTM: Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation could trigger oligomerization., similarity: Contains 1 HSR domain., similarity: Contains 1 SAND domain., similarity: Contains 2 PHD-type zinc fingers, subcellular location: Associated with tubular structures and in discrete nuclear dots resembling ND10 nuclear bodies. May shuttle between nucleus and cytoplasm., subunit: Homodimer and homotetramer. Interacts with CREBBP., tissue specificity: Widely expressed. Expressed at higher level in thymus (medullary epithelial cells and monocyte-dendritic cells), pancreas, adrenal cortex, and testis. Expressed at lower level in the spleen, fetal liver and lymph nodes. Isoforms 2 and 3 seem to be less frequently expressed than isoform 1, if at all.,

Research Area

Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis; Primary immunodeficiency;

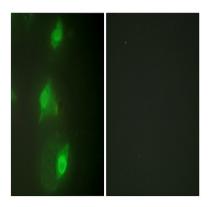
Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

Product Name: AIRE-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

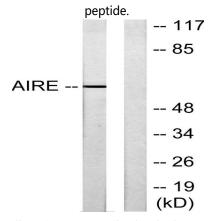
Catalog #: APRab06707



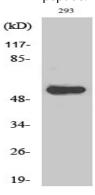
Image Data



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using AIRE Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells, using AIRE Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using AIRE-1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000

Note

For research use only.