

## Summary

Production Name	Stat5 (phospho Tyr694/699) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ELISA
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat

### Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phospho Antibody
lsotype	lgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw
	cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

### Immunogen

Gene Name	STAT5A/STAT5B
Alternative Names	STAT5A; STAT5; Signal transducer and activator of transcription 5A; STAT5B; Signal
	transducer and activator of transcription 5B
Gene ID	6776/6777
SwissProt ID	P42229/P51692.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from
	human STAT5A around the phosphorylation site of Tyr694. AA range:666-715

# Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000
Molecular Weight	91kD



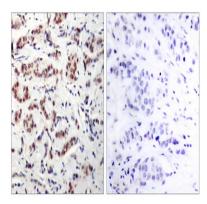
### Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the STAT family of transcription factors. In response to cytokines and growth factors, STAT family members are phosphorylated by the receptor associated kinases, and then form homo- or heterodimers that translocate to the cell nucleus where they act as transcription activators. This protein is activated by, and mediates the responses of many cell ligands, such as IL2, IL3, IL7 GM-CSF, erythropoietin, thrombopoietin, and different growth hormones. Activation of this protein in myeloma and lymphoma associated with a TEL/JAK2 gene fusion is independent of cell stimulus and has been shown to be essential for tumorigenesis. The mouse counterpart of this gene is found to induce the expression of BCL2L1/BCL-X(L), which suggests the antiapoptotic function of this gene in cells. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have beenfunction:Carries out a dual function: signal transduction and activation of transcription. Binds to the GAS element and activates PRL-induced transcription.,online information:STAT5 entry,PTM:Tyrosine phosphorylated in response to IL-2, IL-3, IL-7, IL-15, GM-CSF, growth hormone, prolactin, erythropoietin and thrombopoietin. Tyrosine phosphorylation is required for DNA-binding activity and dimerization. Serine phosphorylation is also required for maximal transcriptional activity,similarity:Belongs to the transcription factor STAT family.,similarity:Contains 1 SH2 domain.,subcellular location:Translocated into the nucleus in response to phosphorylation,subunit:Forms a homodimer or a heterodimer with a related family member. Binds NR3C1 (By similarity). Interacts with NCOA1 and SOCS7.,

#### **Research Area**

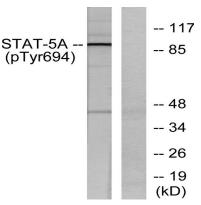
ErbB\_HER;Jak\_STAT;Pathways in cancer;Chronic myeloid leukemia;Acute myeloid leukemia;

### Image Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using STAT5A (Phospho-Tyr694) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.





Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with EGF, using STAT5A (Phospho-Tyr694) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

Note

For research use only.