

Catalog #: APRab04327



Summary

Bmx (phospho Tyr40) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody **Production Name**

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Rabbit Host

Application ELISA, IF, IHC, WB Reactivity Human, Mouse

Performance

Conjugation Unconjugated

Modification Phospho Antibody

Isotype IgG

Clonality Polyclonal **Form** Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name BMX

BMX; Cytoplasmic tyrosine-protein kinase BMX; Bone marrow tyrosine kinase gene in **Alternative Names**

chromosome X protein; Epithelial and endothelial tyrosine kinase; ETK; NTK38

Gene ID 660.0

P51813.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SwissProt ID

ETK around the phosphorylation site of Tyr40. AA range:6-55

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:40000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300.

Molecular Weight 78kD

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

Catalog #: APRab04327

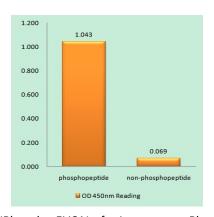


Background

This gene encodes a non-receptor tyrosine kinase belonging to the Tec kinase family. The protein contains a PH-like domain, which mediates membrane targeting by binding to phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-triphosphate (PIP3), and a SH2 domain that binds to tyrosine-phosphorylated proteins and functions in signal transduction. The protein is implicated in several signal transduction pathways including the Stat pathway, and regulates differentiation and tumorigenicity of several types of cancer cells. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016],catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,cofactor:Binds 1 zinc ion per subunit., domain:SH2 domain mediates interaction with RUFY1., function: Activity is required for interleukin 6 (IL-6) induced differentiation. May play a role in the growth and differentiation of hematopoietic cells. May be involved in signal transduction in endocardial and arterial endothelial cells., induction: Activated by IL-6 through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3-kinase) pathway. It is likely that activation occurs through binding of phosphoinositides to the PH domain, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. TEC subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 Btk-type zinc finger., similarity: Contains 1 PH domain., similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain., similarity: Contains 1 SH2 domain., subunit: Interacts with RUFY1 and RUFY2., tissue specificity: Preferentially expressed in epithelial and endothelial cells.,

Research Area

Image Data



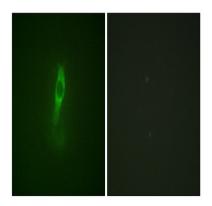
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using ETK (Phospho-Tyr40) Antibody

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

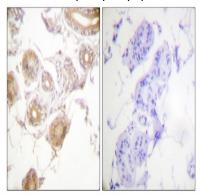


Catalog #: APRab04327

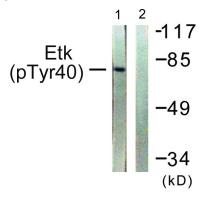




Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells, using ETK (Phospho-Tyr40) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human skin, using ETK (Phospho-Tyr40) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using ETK (Phospho-Tyr40) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

Note

For research use only.