Product Name: 4E-BP1 (phospho Thr70) Rabbit

Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab04186



Summary

Production Name 4E-BP1 (phospho Thr70) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application IHC,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phospho Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name EIF4EBP1

EIF4EBP1; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 1; 4E-BP1; eIF4E-

Alternative Names binding protein 1; Phosphorylated heat- and acid-stable protein regulated by insulin 1;

PHAS-I

Gene ID 1978.0

Q13541.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human **SwissProt ID**

4E-BP1 around the phosphorylation site of Thr70. AA range:36-85

Application

Dilution Ratio IHC 1:100-1:300 ELISA: 1:5000

Molecular Weight

 Product Name: 4E-BP1 (phospho Thr70) Rabbit

Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab04186



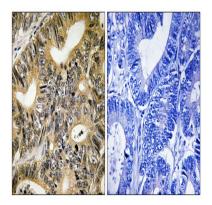
Background

eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E binding protein 1(EIF4EBP1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes one member of a family of translation repressor proteins. The protein directly interacts with eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E (eIF4E), which is a limiting component of the multisubunit complex that recruits 40S ribosomal subunits to the 5' end of mRNAs. Interaction of this protein with eIF4E inhibits complex assembly and represses translation. This protein is phosphorylated in response to various signals including UV irradiation and insulin signaling, resulting in its dissociation from eIF4E and activation of mRNA translation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],function:Regulates eIF4E activity by preventing its assembly into the eIF4F complex. Mediates the regulation of protein translation by hormones, growth factors and other stimuli that signal through the MAP kinase pathway.,PTM:Phosphorylated on serine and threonine residues in response to insulin, EGF and PDGF. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the eIF4E-binding protein family.,subunit:Nonphosphorylated EIF4EBP1 competes with EIF4G1/EIF4G3 to interact with EIF4E; insulin stimulated MAP-kinase (MAPK1 and MAPK3) phosphorylation of EIF4EBP1 causes dissociation of the complex allowing EIF4G1/EIF4G3 to bind and consequent initiation of translation. Rapamycin can attenuate insulin stimulation, mediated by FKBPs.,

Research Area

Regulates Angiogenesis; Insulin Receptor; mTOR; ErbB/HER; Akt PKB; AMPK

Image Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma, using 4E-BP1 (Phospho-Thr70) Antibody.

The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

Note

For research use only.

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838