

## **Summary**

Production Name	BAT3 (9V6) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody	
Description	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody	
Host	Rabbit	
Application	WB	
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat	

#### Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% New type preservative N and 0.05% BSA.
Purification	Affinity purification

#### Immunogen

Gene Name	BAG6	
Alternative Names	BAG6; BAT 3; Scythe;	
Gene ID	7917.0	
SwissProt ID	P46379.A synthetic peptide of human BAT3	

# Application

Dilution Ratio	WB: 1:1000-1:5000
Molecular Weight	119kDa

### Background

Chaperone that plays a key role in various processes such as apoptosis, insertion of tail-anchored (TA) membrane proteins

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to the endoplasmic reticulum membrane and regulation of chromatin. Acts in part by regulating stability of proteins and their degradation by the proteasome. Participates in endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced apoptosis via its interaction with AIFM1/AIF by regulating AIFM1/AIF stability and preventing its degradation. ATP-independent molecular chaperone preventing the aggregation of misfolded and hydrophobic patches-containing proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21636303" target=" blank">21636303</a>). Functions as part of a cytosolic protein quality control complex, the BAG6/BAT3 complex, which maintains these client proteins in a soluble state and participates in their proper delivery to the endoplasmic reticulum or alternatively can promote their sorting to the proteasome where they undergo degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20516149" target=" blank">20516149</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21636303" target=" blank">21636303</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21743475" target=" blank">21743475</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28104892" target=" blank">28104892</a>). The BAG6/BAT3 complex is involved in the post-translational delivery of tailanchored/type II transmembrane proteins to the endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Recruited to ribosomes, it interacts with the transmembrane region of newly synthesized tail-anchored proteins and together with SGTA and ASNA1 mediates their delivery to the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20516149" target=" blank">20516149</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20676083" target=" blank">20676083</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28104892" target=" blank">28104892</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25535373" target=" blank">25535373</a>). Client proteins that cannot be properly delivered to the endoplasmic reticulum are ubiquitinated by RNF126, an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase associated with BAG6 and are sorted to the proteasome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24981174" target=" blank">24981174</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28104892" target=" blank">28104892</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27193484" target=" blank">27193484</a>). SGTA which prevents the recruitment of RNF126 to BAG6 may negatively regulate the ubiquitination and the proteasomal degradation of client proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23129660" target=" blank">23129660</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25179605" target=" blank">25179605</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27193484" target=" blank">27193484</a>). Similarly, the BAG6/BAT3 complex also functions as a sorting platform for proteins of the secretory pathway that are mislocalized to the cytosol either delivering them to the proteasome for degradation or to the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21743475" target=" blank">21743475</a>). The BAG6/BAT3 complex also plays a role in the endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD), a quality control mechanism that eliminates unwanted proteins of the endoplasmic reticulum through their retrotranslocation to the cytosol and their targeting to the proteasome. It maintains these retrotranslocated proteins in an unfolded yet soluble state condition in the cytosol to ensure their proper delivery to the proteasome (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21636303" target=" blank">21636303</a>). BAG6 is also required for selective ubiquitin-mediated degradation of defective nascent chain polypeptides by the proteasome. In this context, it may participate in the production of antigenic peptides and play a Product Name: BAT3 (9V6) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody EnkiLife

role in antigen presentation in immune response (By similarity). BAG6 is also involved in endoplasmic reticulum stressinduced pre- emptive quality control, a mechanism that selectively attenuates the translocation of newly synthesized proteins into the endoplasmic reticulum and reroutes them to the cytosol for proteasomal degradation. BAG6 may ensure the proper degradation of these proteins and thereby protects the endoplasmic reticulum from protein overload upon stress (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26565908" target="\_blank">26565908</a>). By inhibiting the polyubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of HSPA2 it may also play a role in the assembly of the synaptonemal complex during spermatogenesis (By similarity). Also positively regulates apoptosis by interacting with and stabilizing the proapoptotic factor AIFM1 (By similarity). By controlling the steady-state expression of the IGF1R receptor, indirectly regulates the insulin-like growth factor receptor signaling pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26692333" target="\_blank">26692333</a>).

#### **Research Area**

Image Data



Western blot detection of BAT3/BAG-6 in K562,Rat Brain,C6,3T3 cell lysates using BAT3/BAG-6 antibody(1:1000 diluted).

#### Note

For research use only.