

**Product Name: Phospho-CBL (Y774) (15T16) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: AMRe05868**

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## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	Phospho-CBL (Y774) (15T16) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Phospho Antibody
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% New type preservative N and 0.05% BSA.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	CBL Casitas B lineage lymphoma proto oncogene; CBL2; E3 ubiquitin protein ligase CBL;
<b>Alternative Names</b>	Oncogene CBL2; Proto oncogene c CBL; RING finger protein 55; RNF55; Signal transduction protein CBL;
<b>Gene ID</b>	867.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	P22681.A synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Tyr774 of human CBL

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB: 1:1000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	100kDa

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## Background

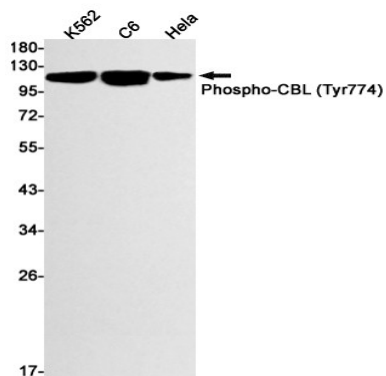
Participates in signal transduction in hematopoietic cells. Adapter protein that functions as a negative regulator of many signaling pathways that start from receptors at the cell surface. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase, which accepts ubiquitin from specific E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, and then transfers it to substrates promoting their degradation by the proteasome. Recognizes activated receptor tyrosine kinases, including PDGFA, EGF and CSF1, and terminates signaling. Adapter protein that functions as a negative regulator of many signaling pathways that are triggered by activation of cell surface receptors. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase, which accepts ubiquitin from specific E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, and then transfers it to substrates promoting their degradation by the proteasome (PubMed: [17094949](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17094949)). Ubiquitinates SPRY2 (PubMed: [17094949](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17094949), PubMed: [17974561](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17974561)). Ubiquitinates EGFR (PubMed: [17974561](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17974561)). Recognizes activated receptor tyrosine kinases, including KIT, FLT1, FGFR1, FGFR2, PDGFRA, PDGFRB, CSF1R, EPHA8 and KDR and terminates signaling. Recognizes membrane-bound HCK, SRC and other kinases of the SRC family and mediates their ubiquitination and degradation. Participates in signal transduction in hematopoietic cells. Plays an important role in the regulation of osteoblast differentiation and apoptosis. Essential for osteoclastic bone resorption. The 'Tyr-731' phosphorylated form induces the activation and recruitment of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase to the cell membrane in a signaling pathway that is critical for osteoclast function. May be functionally coupled with the E2 ubiquitin- protein ligase UB2D3. In association with CBLB, required for proper feedback inhibition of ciliary platelet-derived growth factor receptor- alpha (PDGFRA) signaling pathway via ubiquitination and internalization of PDGFRA (By similarity).

## Research Area

## Image Data

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Western blot detection of Phospho-CBL (Tyr774) in K562,C6,HeLa cell lysates using Phospho-CBL (Tyr774) antibody(1:1000 diluted).

### **Note**

For research use only.